

Meigs Co. Telegraph.

POMEROY, OHIO.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1892.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

EDITORIAL DIRECTOR,
EDWARD D. MANSFIELD,
WILLIAM DENNISON, JR.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
1st District—Charles Anderson,
2d " " J. Scott Harrison,
3d " " J. Scott Harrison,
4th " " J. Scott Harrison,
5th " " J. Scott Harrison,
6th " " J. Scott Harrison,
7th " " J. Scott Harrison,
8th " " J. Scott Harrison,
9th " " J. Scott Harrison,
10th " " J. Scott Harrison,
11th " " J. Scott Harrison,
12th " " J. Scott Harrison,
13th " " J. Scott Harrison,
14th " " J. Scott Harrison,
15th " " J. Scott Harrison,
16th " " J. Scott Harrison,
17th " " J. Scott Harrison,
18th " " J. Scott Harrison,
19th " " J. Scott Harrison,
20th " " J. Scott Harrison,
21st " " J. Scott Harrison.

FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE,
DANIEL A. HAYNES, of Montgomery.
FOR BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
DAVID H. BEARDSLEY, of Cuyahoga.

The Telegraph for the Campaign.

We wish every reading family in Meigs county to become acquainted with the columns of the "Telegraph," hoping, thereby, to permanently increase our circulation. We will risk their judgment, if they can have a fair opportunity to examine the paper thoroughly. We wish, furthermore, to acquaint the voters in this county with the men and measures of the prominent political parties; and we feel equally certain of a large increase of Whig votes at the ensuing elections.

In view of these facts, we have concluded to receive subscriptions for the Campaign, commencing with our next issue, and ending with the last issue in November (four months) at the following rates:

Single copy	60 cents.
Five copies, to one address	\$2.50.
Ten " "	3.50.
Twenty " "	6.00.
Fifty " "	13.00.
One hundred " "	25.00.

The above rates but little more than cover the extra expense of printing and mailing; yet we are anxious, for reasons stated above, to circulate five or six hundred more every week.

Payments for the above must be made invariably in advance.

The County Convention.

About 1 1/2 o'clock last Saturday afternoon, we dropped into the court-house, where a few sterling old Whigs sat in silence. We learned that a committee had been appointed to prepare business. Being unacquainted with the mode of procedure in this latitude, we patiently awaited the issue. Presently Mr. V. B. Horton was called upon to address the meeting. As he proceeded with his remarks, seat after seat was filled, and when he ceased, to give the committee an opportunity to report, the court-house was well filled. The remarks of Mr. Horton were highly appropriate. He reminded the Whigs of their disappointment in 1848, because of the nomination of Gen. Taylor, and their zeal and activity in spreading disaffection in the ranks. They then only wanted an opportunity to honor Gen. Scott. Days, and even weeks, were then freely spent in bitter complaining. Now, the very man they desired—Ohio's first choice, was nominated, and what was the effect? Like the old lady who could sleep soundly under the preaching of her old minister, because she knew he was always right, the Whigs, having entire confidence in their candidate, fold their arms and close their eyes for a long and peaceful slumber. The reasons why Gen. Scott was the preferred candidate of the North, and especially of Ohio, were reviewed at some length, by the speaker, who closed by an earnest appeal to the Whigs to awake and prepare for battle.

The committee then reported the resolutions which may be found in another column. While the resolutions were pending, remarks were made by Messrs. Horton, Heckard, Nye, Bosworth, Cooper, Cartwright, and several others, whose names we did not learn. Great unanimity prevailed. The resolution abandoning the primary elections elicited considerable discussion, but was finally adopted without a dissenting voice. After the resolutions were adopted, Mr. Bosworth called attention to the "Meigs County Telegraph." He was followed by Mr. Horton, who, after some very pertinent remarks, moved that every Whig present consider himself a special committee, to procure at least five subscribers. This was carried unanimously. Mr. Taylor moved that a Prospectus be circulated immediately. Mr. Payne, Mr. Halliday, and others, thereupon commenced to circulate them. Suddenly, quite a number recollected some important business, which demanded their immediate presence elsewhere. This was certainly unfortunate; and we doubt not will be greatly regretted by those who thus lost so favorable an opportunity of securing a large amount of political and other valuable information, which they so greatly need. We hope our friends will be kind enough to call on them, and give them another opportunity to subscribe; for certainly they must feel ashamed of themselves, to know so little about what is going on in the world, and especially in their own county, while their neighbors, for the small sum of \$1.50 per annum are regularly "posted up" in these matters—and all on account of that unfortunate business which called them away so suddenly last Saturday.

We are poor in thanks, but such as we are able to give are hereby tendered to all those who exerted themselves so suc-

cessfully in our behalf. Not one will be forgotten. It cheered our heart to see that our labors were appreciated by those whose approval we most desire. It shall be our endeavor in future to merit their approval.

Several names were added to our list, and several copies were ordered to be sent. During the campaign, to friends in different parts of the county:

The Whig Central Committee was then chosen, and, from all we can learn, a better committee could not have been selected. It is composed of the most active and influential Whigs in the county—men whose influence will be felt in the coming contest.

Considerable "noise and confusion" succeeded the appointment of the Central Committee. They talked of holding Mass meetings in every township in the county, and, if we mistake not, Mr. Horton promised to address his fellow-citizens at all these meetings. We begin to think "there's a good time coming."

The Democratic Convention.

A Democratic County Convention was held in Pomeroiy last Saturday, at which a county ticket, or part of a ticket was nominated. We know nothing at all of the convention except from street conversation. Nothing official has been handed in. What object our Democratic friends expect to accomplish by this quiet course, it is impossible for us to divine. We have stated repeatedly, in public and private, that our columns are open to them at all times. If they choose to avail themselves of our offer—well, if not, just as well. The blame, if any, rest upon their own shoulders.

We understand that at their convention, the Democrats nominated Mr. David R. Jacobs for Commissioner, and Itham H. Swallow for Auditor. From all we can learn of these gentlemen, they are both excellent men—unexceptionable as to moral character and standing in society. We hope the Whig party will imitate their example, and bring forward men equally good. We feel sure they will do so.

We already begin to feel proud of our position, as a political editor in a county where the best men in both parties are selected as candidates for office—where an irreproachable character is made a requisite qualification for office. We heartily despise personal quarrels in political contests, and sincerely hope we may have nothing of the kind in this county. So far as we may have any influence, it shall be used in preserving good feeling and harmony among all citizens. Our political opinions and preferences we intend to express fearlessly, and we expect those who differ with us to do the same. But we do not consider ourselves justified in getting up a personal quarrel with our neighbor, because he chooses to use cream and sugar in his coffee and we drink ours clear. We love discussion but hate quarreling.

Hotels.

On our first page may be found a communication on the subject of building a first class hotel, to which, we invite public attention. Such a building is much needed, and we hope will receive the serious consideration of our business men. We have wondered why this suggestion was not acted upon earlier. Better late than never.

The writer, since his communication was in type, suggests next Saturday afternoon at two o'clock as the time of meeting—Remember the time, and give the call a hearty response.

Speaking of hotels, our young friend Alexander Todd has taken possession of the Rihelardier House, after re-fitting it, and changing the name. It is now called the Vinson House. Visitors who wish good accommodations, and kind treatment, will find both by calling at the afore-mentioned place. See advertisement.

Accommodation.

There is nothing to be gained by selfishness, unless it be a diseased body and mind, and the contempt of all liberal minded acquaintances. On the contrary, men are every day amassing large fortunes and gaining universal esteem by endeavoring to accommodate their neighbors. We do not propose to bore you, patient reader, to the extent of a column to prove an axiom. We simply desire to say that Mr. G. W. ALLISON, whom you all know, acting upon the liberal principle of accommodation, has started a line of hacks to convey passengers from one point to another, through rain, mud, dust, heat, cold, etc., between West Columbia, and Coal-Ridge Mill. Nobody who has experience on that route, will say this is not an accommodation. We pronounce it a public benefit, and we call upon our citizens to show their appreciation of it by extending to it a liberal patronage. For time and fare see bill.

Notices.

The Whig Review for August is on our table. This is an excellent number of a most excellent work. This Review is published monthly at No. 120 Nassau-st., N. Y., by Champion Bissell. Each number contains ninety-six pages of reading matter, and includes a portrait of some distinguished man, usually selected from living American statesmen. The Review sets forth and defends the principles of the United Whig party of the Union. Having, in time past, enjoyed an acquaintance with its pages, we take pleasure in recommending it to our Whig friends in Meigs county, as a work every worthy of their patronage. Terms: single subscription, \$3 a year; to clubs of

not less than ten, \$2.50, always in advance. The present number contains a life-like portrait of Gen. Scott, and another of M. P. Geary, of Tennessee. The articles are: 1. The Whig Convention: the Candidate and the Campaign. 2. The Doctor and his Pills. 3. The Philosophy of Advertising. 4. Madness: A Fragment from the Twenty-Fifth Number of an Unpublished Magazine. 5. The Democratic Nomination. 6. The American School of Art. 7. Sonnet: In Memoriam—Henry Clay. 8. The Old Boy. 9. The Passions of Animals. 10. Aunt Petronilla. 11. Democratic Demagoguism. 12. General Review. 13. Congressional Summary. 14. Critical Notices: Music. 15. Editorial Note. The present is No. II, Vol. XVI. We hope it may receive a liberal patronage from this section. Will the publisher please forward the July number. It was not received at this office.

The Westminster Review for July has just been received—Vol. XXV, No. 1. Its character, we presume, is well understood by the mass of our readers. In politics and religion it professes to be Liberal. Its liberality in religion is, we think, rather excessive, at times. In literary merits, it is unsurpassed. Each successive number increases in interest. This is another of Leonard Scott & Co.'s re-publications.

The Temple's Magazine, published by Dr. Joshua Wadsworth, Cincinnati, and devoted to the interests of a Temperance secret society, called the Temple of Honor, has completed its second volume. No. 12 is before us. It contains some excellent articles, and we can safely recommend the Magazine to all temperance men and women, whether connected with the order or not. Terms: \$1 per annum, in advance.

The National Magazine, is the name of a new monthly, devoted to Literature, Art, Religion, and General Intelligence, under the management of the Methodists. It is printed at the Methodist Book Concern, New York. Through the politeness of Rev. Mr. Given, the agent, we have had an opportunity of examining No. 1, and we unhesitatingly pronounce it the best work of the kind in America. Like all the works published by the Methodists, it is neatly printed, on fine paper, with clear type. The style of the work is something like "Harper's." In the moral tone of the articles, we discover a great difference, in favor of the National. It contains 96 pages of matter, and sells at 15¢ per copy—\$2 per annum.

The Morning Star is the name of a new Whig paper, published at Logan, Hocking county. It was started as a Campaigner, but received so liberal a support from the citizens, that the publisher has concluded to establish it permanently. James K. Rochester is at the helm. Success attend the enterprise.

The Ohio Times, the Free Soil paper published in Mt. Vernon, O., comes to us this week with a new name, new proprietor, new editor, greatly improved in appearance, and considerably enlarged. Mr. Chapman, formerly of this place, is editor and proprietor. It is now one of the best Free Soil papers in the country. As many of Mr. Chapman's friends in this section may desire to subscribe, we will state that the terms are \$1.75 per annum, in advance.

The Scientific American, has just been received. See advertisement.

Whigs Attend.

At a meeting of the Scott and Graham Club held on Tuesday evening it was resolved to meet again this evening (Thursday), at 8 o'clock. A fine time is expected, and it is hoped every Whig who can possibly make it convenient will attend. Come one, come all.

The Sons and Daughters of Temperance had a pleasant little excursion on Tuesday last. A boat load of them went to Gallipolis to attend a celebration there of some kind. They started from here and returned in high spirits, and judging from their countenances the next day, one would think it was not impossible to be merry and gay, and friendly, "without the use of wine."

Whig State Convention.

In the Ohio State Journal of Monday we observe a call of the Whig State Central Committee for a Grand Rally at Columbus on the 6th of September. The call will appear in our next. Get yourselves ready, for a large delegation is expected from this county.

John Welch for public documents.

Whig Mass Convention of Meigs County.

Pursuant to previous notice, this Convention met at the Court House in Pomeroiy, on the 14th August, at 1 o'clock P. M., and was organized by the appointment of STEPHEN TITUS, Chairman, and JAMES M. EVANS, Secretary.

On motion, J. C. Cartwright, M. Bosworth, J. Giles, W. Reed, and R. G. Cook, were appointed a Committee to prepare business for the Convention.

While the committee were in consultation, on motion, Mr. V. B. Horton addressed the convention at some length.

The committee on business reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Whigs of Meigs county heartily accept the nomination of Scott and Graham, and pledge them an earnest and united support.

Resolved, That we support Gen. Scott.

1st. Because he is a Whig—National and not sectional in his views.

2. Because he is not only the greatest military captain of this age, but because he

is equally capable and efficient as a statesman and successful as a diplomatist.

3. Because Gen. Scott at the helm of a Congress of similar views, the Tariff would be so adjusted as to develop the resources of the country, specially benefit the laborer, and promote and invigorate all the best interests of the country.

4. Because under such auspices impediments to the navigation of our rivers would be removed, and our Lake harbors protected.

5. Because under such an administration there would be no aggression upon the territory of Mexico or Cuban invasions for the purpose of extending slave power.

6. Because Gen. Scott is a man of high moral character, capacity and honor, and would be governed by no cliques formed to promote selfish or partisan purposes—in his administration there would be no place or occasion for a kitchen cabinet.

7. Because in the failure to elect Gen. Scott and the consequent election of Gen. Pierce, many of the great interests of the country would remain unprotected; the labor of the country depressed, and our inland waters unprotected.

8. Because under such an administration we might reasonably expect Cuban invasion for the purpose of annexing slave territory, and Mexican invasion for the purpose of extending slavery.

9. Because Gen. Pierce has never distinguished himself in any capacity either civil or military, except as an unmitigated selfish politician, opposed to the right of petition and to every man of his own party who cherishes the cause of freedom, opposed to any appropriations for the improvement of the navigation of our rivers and inland commerce, and to any adequate protection of the labor of the country against the pauper labor of Europe.

10. Because Gen. Pierce is a man of third-rate capacity, and thus exposed to be controlled by irresponsible cliques.

For these, among numerous other reasons we pledge our warm, hearty, undivided support to the Whig candidates for President and Vice President.

Resolved, That we regard the Meigs County Telegraph as a valuable auxiliary in the present canvass, and that an effort should be made to extend its circulation in every township.

Resolved, That having tried the experiment of primary elections, we deem it inexpedient to continue that mode of nominating candidates; and therefore abrogate the rule requiring the same; adopted in convention August 15th, 1890.

Resolved, That the Central Committee call meetings in the several townships at such times as they may deem expedient, for the election of delegates to a County Convention.

Resolved, That the ratio of representation to the County Convention hereafter shall be as follows to-wit: each township shall be entitled to two delegates, and in addition thereto one delegate for each 25 Whig votes given at the last preceding Presidential or Congressional election.

Resolved, That the Central Committee may, when in their view the public interest is involved, call Mass Conventions instead of Delegate Conventions.

The above resolutions after some spirited discussion were unanimously adopted.

The following named persons were appointed Whig Central Committee: V. B. Horton, Wm. Taylor, Thomas Irvin, Geo. W. Cooper and M. Bosworth.

ADVISORY MEMBERS.

Bedford, Jonathan Quinby.
Chester, N. M. McGlothlin.
Columbia, J. Carpenter.
Oliver, Major Reed.
Orange, W. Reed.
Rutland, Josiah Simpson.
Lebanon, J. J. White.
Leary, E. C. Hayman.
Solon, W. F. Felon.
Salisbury, E. H. Siedman.
Scioto, A. Dunlap.
Sutton, J. R. Philson.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in the "Meigs County Telegraph."

On motion Convention adjourned sine die.

STEPHEN TITUS, Chm.

JAMES M. EVANS, Sec'y.

Strict Accountability.

"Gentlemen, you must return to a rigid system of accountability, and hold the public officers responsible to the law, and confine the expenditures within the limits of the appropriations previously made by Congress."

So said Stephen A. Douglass in his Washington speech, as an argument in favor of the election of Pierce and King. To show what is the "strict accountability" of Locofoco administration, to which Mr. Douglass is so anxious to have us return, we annex a list of some of the public defaulers under the two Locofoco administrations of Martin Van Buren and James K. Polk:

Names of Plunderers.	Am't stolen.
J. F. Wingate, Bath	\$10,949.
J. B. Swanwick, do	13,861.
Jer. Clark, York, Pa	27,090.
H. Warren, Plymouth	16,330.
S. S. Allen, Bristol	20,037.
J. Swarwout, N. Y.	1,200,000.
Jesus Hoyt	247,500.
Robert Arnold, Pitts Amboy	77,076.
N. F. Williams, Baltimore	368,648.
J. Fitzgerald, Alexandria	30,073.
L. Mue, Tappanahoc	33,249.
J. Smith, Virginia	11,098.
Asa Rodgers, Camden	31,321.
J. Bloodgood, Wilmington	22,527.
R. Cochran, do	184,847.
Isaac Holmes, Charleston	178,372.
Ed. Moongor, Savannah	17,924.
R. Wall, do	114,363.
A. B. Fanning, do	43,506.
Andrew Erwine, Tennessee	58,337.
Benj. Wall, do	22,325.
W. Brown, New Orleans	107,011.
P. F. Dubough, do	37,921.
T. F. Morgan, do	212,232.
H. B. Triest, do	6,531.
Thomas Barrett	6,800.
E. R. Hopkins, St. Louis	12,063.
David Duncan, Mackinaw	30,000.
Nathaniel Denby, late navy agent at Marseilles, in France	155,000.
Major Scott, navy agent at Washington, D. C.	50,000.
El. Moore, Marshall of the southern district of New York	40,000.
Patrick Collins, surveyor of the port Cincinnati	16,000.
A pension agent in New England	13,000.

Grand Total \$3,387,303.

This is a part of the amount of the public money plundered under the operation of the same "strict accountability" system of which the Locofocos are still in favor. If the people still want more evidence of what the Locofocos mean by "strict accountability" in public officers, they can have them in order by electing Franklin Pierce and Wm. R. King.—Cleveland Herald.

The Response from Maine.

It is now ascertained that Mr. Reed is elected from the 5th district in Maine, to Congress, by eight hundred majority! It will also be remembered that this is a Locofoco district, having elected a member of that class who lately died. This election is important, as it is the first verdict of the public on the nomination of Franklin Pierce by the Democratic Convention. The papers say that the Locofocos were firing cannon, and rejoicing generally over the nomination, on the day of the election. But it did not prevail. The first gun is a full broadside into the new hull. It is not the last by several shots.—Journal.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

SALT IN IOWA.—We learn from the Dubuque (Iowa) Tribune, that specimens of beautifully crystallized salt were recently discovered about two miles south-west of that town, by some workmen. In grading the road-track, the earth was removed from some rocks, in a crevice of which the salt deposit was found. A piece weighing upwards of one hundred pounds was taken out, and it is believed that a salt spring exists at no great distance from the locality of this crystallization, and that the water flows from it to the Mississippi by some heretofore undiscovered channel. The specimen taken out was of excellent quality and remarkably clear.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.—Mr. E. Kimball, of New Hampshire, offers himself as a candidate for the Presidency. We presume he intends to run on the Locofoco side, as he says, "Commerce is the chief cause of pauperism, and money is its agent, therefore money cannot be too scarce for the people's good." Of course, he will veto all river and harbor bills, in order to destroy commerce; and legislate against wealth in order to destroy money. Too much like Pierce to make any impressions.

A SHARP FINANCIAL OPERATION.—We learn from reliable authority, says the Cincinnati Gazette, that gold funds, gold and Ohio State Bank notes, were paid into the State Treasury from the county of Medina, and they expected like funds back for school purposes, &c., but instead of "the hard" or the State Bank bills, the disbursements from the Locofoco county treasury are made in the notes of the Newport Safety Fund Bank! Pretty business this for anti-bank hard money men!—Dayton Gas.

The following are the terms of the District Court in the Seventh Common Pleas District of the third Circuit:

In the county of Perry, August 19th.	
In the county of Fairfield, " 18th.	
" " " " " 23d.	
" " " " " 25th.	
" " " " " 28th.	
" " " " " 31st.	
" " " " " Pike, September 2d.	
" " " " " Scioto, " 4th.	
" " " " " Lawrence, " 8th.	
" " " " " Gallia, " 11th.	
" " " " " Meigs, " 14th.	
" " " " " Washington " 17th.	

Gen. Pierce's grand-parents were Irish.—Courier.

The fathers of all Locofoco candidates are Irishmen and their mothers Dutchmen just before election. To take their own stories for true, they have not had a native born candidate for office for twenty years. It is not more than two weeks since it was proved as plain as a bed post that Pierce was descended "in the perpendicular line," as Pomplona says in the play, from brave Henry Percy, surnamed Hot-spur. History does not state that Harry Percy, was an Irishman! The Courier must explain the incongruity. Notwithstanding there is doubt about Mr. Pierce's genealogical descent, there is none about his descent from his horse in Mexico, at a very fortunate moment.—Buffalo Express.

COLORADO PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.—A call is issued for a Mass Convention of the colored people of Ohio, to meet at Cleveland on the 8th and 9th of September. The object of the Convention is to consider measures for the education and elevation of the free colored people, and to choose delegates to a National Convention expected to be held this fall. The State Convention at Cincinnati was conducted in a manner highly creditable to its members, and we have every reason to suppose that the meeting in September will be such a one as will greatly aid in placing the people it will represent in the position to which they are entitled.—Clev. Herald.

The Whig Spirit in New Orleans.—The Whigs of New Orleans determined the other day to form a company, to be called the "Scott Rangers." Accordingly, a meeting was held and the ball put in motion. Within twenty-four hours, instead of a company, a Battalion of 4000 young men had enlisted, and at the expiration of the third day the "Company" had swelled to a Regiment of over 8000—all "Rangers" under the banner of Scott! Hurrah for Louisiana!—Newark Times.

There has been a break in the Locofoco party in Iowa, and Le Grand Byington is among the bolters. The Washington Telegraph talks right out. It says: "The Democracy has been betrayed by their would-be leaders—and the moral obliquities, political iniquities, and sectional proclivities of such mercenary Shylocks and political lacaios as Le Grand Byington insert the red hot lashings of the public press. Such a fellow as he, who would sell to the very heels in the political puddles of his own creation in Ohio—a speculator in dem-mee clothes, tax titles, and town lots," &c., &c.

Old Ashabula.—The Cleveland Herald has a correspondent in Ashabula county who writes that "the work goes bravely on—there being daily accessions to the Scott ranks from the Free Soilers. Hurrah for 'benighted Ashabula,' good for 2000 majority for Scott. We have no great excitement on the subject, but the better judgment of the people is prevailing. Look at our Harbor blown away for want of appropriations, so that no light can be put in the Light-House to save the lives of our citizens who are engaged in commerce. God preserve the poor sailor!"—Lancaster Gas.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL KILLED.—In the United States Senate, on Friday last, the Committee on Public Lands made an unfavorable report in regard to the Homestead Bill—two of the Committee favored and three opposed the Bill.

Bennett's Land Bill was also reported upon unfavorably.

Among the most amusing features of the Niagara Falls Convention, was a long procession of the school boys of Niagara county, bearing a massive cant, underneath which was inscribed, "We buy our own candy, and go for Scott!"

THE DROUGHT.—We learn from the Dayton Gazette that the Miami Valley is suffering early from the absence of rain. The pastures in many places are burnt up; and many of the streams are falling. The corn between Cincinnati and Dayton appears to be beyond the benefit of rain; the under-leaves are dead and top-leaves are rolled up. At best, there cannot be much more than half a crop of this staple in the Miami Valley. The stock of old corn on hand, will be likely to advance in price, as the prospect of the new crop becomes apparent.

From a letter published in the Spirit of Progress, from the Hon. Dunham, of Indiana, the Louisville Democrat learns that the Secretary of the Interior has decided that the volunteers and soldiers of the Black Hawk war are entitled to warrants for 160 acres of lands, instead of 40 acres, as heretofore determined by the Commissioner of Pensions. Recipients of 40 acres warrants assigned should return the same and receive a warrant for 160 acres. Those who have assigned their 40 acres warrants should make a new application for the remainder.

The Free Press published a flaming call for a meeting of the faithful last week, and announced that Gen. Cass would be present to address it. When the General arrived, however, he absolutely refused to speak, and the whole thing fell through.—Detroit Tribune.

General Cass has no "stomach for the fight." His defeat in the Convention produced an irritation which bids fair to continue through the canvass. Locofocism is in a bad way when it can't raise a meeting in Detroit.

Opposition of a Hunker.—Charles T. Ingersoll, an old hunker of Philadelphia, and a man who is distinguished for his assaults upon distinguished Whigs, speaking of the Baltimore nominations of both parties says he has known Gen. Scott forty years, and on many trying occasions has found him always patriotic, judicious, and serviceable. He adds, "Gen. Pierce I consider of a very good hit in the confusion of competition at the Convention."

Celebration at Fremont.—The 39th anniversary of Croghan's brilliant and heroic defence of Ft. Stephenson was celebrated at Fremont on Monday last. The identical cannon used in the defence of the Fort was in procession—it having been presented to the citizens of Fremont by a resolution of Congress. Some five or six thousand persons were in attendance, and the celebration as a whole, passed off pleasantly.

Frightened into Insanity.—Miss Caroline Whitney, of Nantucket, while walking through Purchase street, New Bedford, Mass., a few evenings since, was overtaken by an idiot known as "Bab," who placed his hands upon her shoulders, and uttered some incoherent words, which alarmed Miss Whitney so much that she immediately fainted, and has since become insane.

MAIL ROBBERY.—The Newark Advocate

of the 4th inst. says:—"We understand that the mail was robbed this morning, about four miles this side of Columbus. The robbery was not discovered until the stage reached Reynoldsburg; one or more canvass bags and a trunk or trunks were afterwards found in or near the road, cut and broken open, and newspapers and clothes scattered about the place. The letter mail came through safe."

Christians Colonists for Palestine.—Philip D. Dickson, practical farmer, and son of the late Dr. Grotton, Massachusetts, sailed on the 22d ult. from Boston by way of Smyrna, for Palestine, for the purpose of joining the Agricultural Mission for the Jews, under the superintendence of John Meshullam, near Bethlehem of Judea. They took with them a supply of agricultural tools and seeds.

Manufacture of Steel.—Prof. O. Roe, F. R. S., in a lecture delivered before the Royal Institution, stated that the natives of the East Indies did not make their fine steel by mixing iron with charcoal in a crucible, as is commonly supposed, but put into the crucible along with the iron, green wood and vegetables. They make excellent steel out of hoops and old iron which has been thrown away. He said they did their work in one half the time we did.

In a slave case in Texas it has been decided that the condition of blacks in that country, during the existence of Mexican law, was that of freedom, and that their offspring, born before the adoption of the constitution of the Republic, are consequently free. This decision, if confirmed by the Supreme Court, will set at liberty several thousand blacks.

The latest arrivals over the Plains speak of thousands of emigrants on their way to the gold regions and Oregon, and almost all of them getting along finely. Though many of the trains suffered severely from sickness, shortly after leaving the settlements, yet nearly all of them soon regained their spirits and health.

EXECUTED.—Mathias Skupenski, convicted of the murder of the boy Lehman, was executed in the jail yard at Philadelphia on the 6th. He made a confession previous to his execution, and manifested no fear on the gallows.

SALT INSPECTED.—The number of bushels of salt inspected on the Onondaga Reservation during the week ending July 31st, was: At Salina, 91,309; Syracuse, 49,322; Liverpool, 28,927; Geddes, 14,464. Total, 184,024 bushels.

WISS BEQUEST.—Judge De Vaux, of Niagara Falls, who died of cholera a few days ago, willed the bulk of his property, amounting to some \$200,000, to the establishment and endowment of an educational institution at Mount Eagle, a point on the river about three miles below the Falls.

Milwaukee was visited with a tremendous thunder storm on the night of the 27th, and the Wisconsin says, the next morning an immense swarm of frogs about an inch and a half in length, appeared upon the sidewalks, and in the street. Where did they come from, was the question. The Wisconsin says, the general remark was that they "rained down!"

Business of Pittsburgh.—Since the opening of the canal, last spring, the exports from Pittsburgh, by many articles, have been exceedingly heavy. Of bacon, nearly 37,000,000 pounds; lard and lard oil, 18,000,000. During the same time there have been imported, 17,000 pounds of dry goods; 9,000,000 of groceries; the same amount of hardware and cutlery, and near 2,000,000 pounds of coffee.